







*From Nature & on Stone by G. Lehman.*

**FRIENDS ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE**

*Lehman & Dool Lith<sup>rs</sup> Philad<sup>a</sup>*



TWENTY-FIRST

ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE STATE OF

THE ASYLUM

FOR

THE RELIEF OF PERSONS

DEPRIVED OF THE

USE OF THEIR REASON.

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PUBLISHED BY DIRECTION OF THE CONTRIBUTORS, THIRD MONTH, 1838

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Philadelphia.

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1838.



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PHILADELPHIA

1876

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TWENTY FIRST  
ANNUAL REPORT,  
OF  
**FRIEND'S ASYLUM**  
FOR THE INSANE,  
NEAR PHILADELPHIA.

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PURSUANT to the direction of the Contributors at their last Annual Meeting, the following account of the state of the Asylum has been prepared.

The number of patients under care at the last Annual Report, was sixty-two. Since that time, fifty-one have been received and sixty-four discharged. Twenty-nine were restored, three much improved, five improved, and sixteen without improvement; of those now in the Asylum, nine are restored, four much improved, ten improved, and twentysix without apparent change. The averaged number of patients during the year, is  $57\frac{7}{12}$

From the statement of the receipts and expenditures it appears that the amount accruing from the board of Patients &c., is  $\$13882\frac{43}{100}$ , from contributions and donations,  $\$759$ ; the whole amount of expenditures for all purposes, is  $\$14440\frac{95}{100}$ , including interest on the loan—of the debt due by the Institution,  $\$540$  has been paid

Upon examination it was ascertained that several repairs, involving a very considerable expenditure were necessary. The ends of the second story floor of joist in both wings were found to be decayed; it became necessary to have new joist placed in to support the floor, in doing which, the ceilings had to be taken off and newly plastered, the wood work was repaired, and the interior wood work of the whole building painted throughout. These items have materially increased the annual expenditure; but the board believe that true economy was consulted in the outlay.



Victor Ehrman, of this city, who has for some time manifested a kind interest in the prosperity of our Institution, having proposed to convey to the contributors certain real and personal property, valued at \$5000, in consideration of an annual payment of \$300 during his life, and the offer appearing to the managers to be an eligible one, it was accepted, and a conveyance of the property was regularly made to three of our number in trust for the use of the contributors; but it not appearing desirable to the board to retain the property, it was sold, with the intention of appropriating the proceeds towards the payment of the debt of the Institution. The first payment of \$1000 has been made to our Treasurer; a like sum became due on the 6th inst.; the balance of the purchase money is secured by mortgage.

The annual report of the Treasurer shows a balance in his hands on the 1st inst. of \$905,67, exclusive of \$340  $\frac{7}{100}$ , being the amount unappropriated of the legacy of Anna Guest, deceased, and \$200 being the amount of the bequest of Beulah Sansom, deceased, both appropriated to specific objects.

The produce of the farm is as follows, viz. 46 wagon loads of hay, 80 bushels of oats, 314 of potatoes, 175 of corn, 72½ of wheat, and 1985 lbs. of pork, no account having been taken of the product of the garden, which will not differ materially from last year.

The experience of another year has confirmed the board in the opinion they have already repeatedly expressed of the great benefit which has resulted to the Asylum from the admission of patients not connected with our society—from the annual report of the attending and resident physicians, it will appear that the means of restoration have been as successfully employed during the past as any preceding year; the classification of the patients has been much improved, and no reasonable exertion has been spared by the officers of the Institution under the direction of the Managers to embrace every opening which has occurred to introduce employment and amusement suited to the variety of cases under care—the efforts made by the Physicians in conjunction with the Superintendent and Matron to perfect the system of treatment which the managers have long wished to see carried out at our Asylum, has been very satisfactory to the board; and while much has been attained, there still remains room for further improvement and the managers, under a conviction of the responsibility which rests upon them, are

desirous of availing themselves of all the means placed within their reach for perfecting the system of treatment already so successfully introduced.

A more copious supply of water for the purposes of the family being much needed, it is the intention of the board to have a new and more capacious reservoir constructed, and also additional accommodations for bathing in the men's lodge, to effect this it will be necessary to substitute increased power for forcing up the water in place of that now in use.

The introduction of mechanical employment in the use of tools, &c. for the more convalescent male patients, particularly during that period of the year when they are deprived of the benefit of out-door exercise, together with some other improvements are deemed very important to the interest of the Institution, but owing to the state of the funds the managers have not felt warranted in making the attempt to introduce them. The great expences of the past year have all been for objects of primary importance; and the hope is confidently indulged that the friends of the Institution will never suffer it to languish for want of a liberal and generous support.

Within a short period the institution has been deprived by death of three valuable and esteemed managers, William Burrough, Ephraim Haines, and Thomas Bacon, who had for a series of years faithfully served the contributors by a vigilant performance of the duties devolved upon them.

The Asylum is situated in a healthy and retired neighbourhood, about six miles north-east from Philadelphia, and one mile west from Frankford, on a farm of sixty-two acres, about one-fourth of which is woodland. The buildings consist of a centre, sixty feet square, three stories high, with basement, having two wings each two stories high, and twenty-four feet wide, connecting with lodges at each end three stories high, presenting a whole front of three hundred and twenty feet, all of stone, and covered with slate. The patients rooms are commodious, and well ventilated and warmed by means of heated air. The lodges are used for the separate confinement of the violent and noisy maniacs, and are so constructed as effectually to prevent the other patients from hearing or being disturbed with the noise,

Those patients who are so far convalescent as to be allowed the privilege, have access to the parlour, the Managers' room, the principal halls, gardens and grounds of the institution,



## ABSTRACT

*From the Annual Report of the Physicians to the Asylum,  
for the year 1837--8.*

In accordance with the custom which has obtained, the Physicians to the Asylum for Persons deprived of the use of their Reason, herewith render in their Report for the present year. At the date of our last annual report sixty-two patients were remaining in the Asylum; since which time, fifty-one have been admitted; making together one hundred and thirteen persons who, during the past year have received the care and attention of those connected with the Institution.—The number of admissions falls short of that during the preceding year, by six, but owing to the large number in the house at the commencement of this, several of whom had just been received, the number of those who have been under treatment, has exceeded that of any former year.

The monthly average in the Institution, has been fifty-seven and seven twelfths, being one less than a similar average during 1837. Fifty-three patients have been discharged, and eleven have died during the year. Nine of these deaths occurred among the chronic cases, some of which had been in the house for a great number of years. Two of them were from consumption, and two had been long afflicted with fits. One was accidentally drowned while bathing.

In accordance with the plan adopted last year, the following table has been carefully prepared, and exhibits a correct view of the cases in the asylum, 3d month, 1st, 1837, and those which have been received since.



No.	Age.	Male.	Female.	Single.	Married.	DURATION.	FORM.	CAUSES.	CONDITION OR EVENT.
1	37	1		1		16 years.	Moral Insanity.	Intense Study.	Stationary.
2	55	1		1		21 "	Dementia.	Unknown.	Do.
3	43	1		1		18 "	Do.	Pecuniary loss.	Do.
4	53	1		1		26 "	Partial Insanity.	Constitutional.	Died.
5	51	1		1		Through life.	Dementia.	Do.	Improved.
6	26	1		1		2½ years.	Partial Insanity.	Ill-requited love.	Do.
7	51	1		1		19 "	Dementia.	Do.	Stationary.
8	60	1		1	1	25 "	Moral Insanity.	Intemperance.	Restored.
9	46	1		1		7 "	Partial Insanity.	Do.	Died.
10	36	1		1		11 "	Dementia.	Fever.	Stationary.
11	73	1		1		7 "	Partial Insanity.	Unknown.	Do.
12	69	1		1		29 "	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Restored.
13	27	1		1		6 "	Dementia.	Do.	Stationary.
14	27	1		1		Through life.	Moral Insanity.	Do.	Died.
15	29	1		1		10 years.	Dementia.	Do.	Improved.
16	34	1		1		5 "	Partial Insanity.	Injury of Head.	Do.
17	34	1		1		5 "	Dementia.	Disapp'd ambition.	Stationary.
18	38	1		1		16 "	Do.	Intemperance.	Do.
19	66	1		1		37 "	Do.	Do.	Do.
20	57	1		1	1	26 "	Do.	Unknown.	Do.
21	46	1		1		21 "	Partial Insanity.	Intemperance.	Improved.
22	30	1		1	1	1 "	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Restored.
23	27	1		1		2 months.	Do. Do.	Disappointed love.	Do.
24	22	1		1		Many years	Moral Insanity.	Defective education.	Do.
25	32	1		1	1	1 year.	Dementia.	Pecuniary Diffic't's.	Stationary.
26	32	1		1	1	18 months.	Moral Insanity.	Intemperance.	Restored.
27	51	1		1	1	2 years.	Dementia.	Pecuniary Diffic't's.	Stationary.
28	48	1		1	1	3 "	Moral Insanity.	Domestic trouble.	Died.
29	48	1		1	1	6 "	Partial Insanity.	Pecuniary Diffic't's.	Much Imp'd
30	46	1		1	1	2 "	Moral Insanity.	Constitutional.	Stationary.
31	25	1		1		3 "	Partial Insanity.	Do.	Improved.
32	31	1		1		2 years.	Do. Do.	Disappointed love.	Restored.
33	27	1		1		3 "	Do. Do.	Fever.	Stationary.
34	66		1	1		22 "	Moral Insanity.	Constitutional.	Restored.
35	68		1	1		16 "	Do. Do.	Do.	Do.
36	42		1	1	1	8 years.	Dementia.	Domestic trouble.	Stationary.
37	56		1	1		21 "	Do.	Unknown.	Do.
38	48		1	1		18 "	Partial Insanity.	Do.	Do.
39	51		1	1		19 "	Moral Insanity.	Defective education.	Do.
40	48		1	1		22 "	Dementia.	Intemperance.	Improved.
41	65		1	1		40 "	Partial Insanity.	Constitutional.	Restored.
42	49		1	1		Through life.	Dementia.	Unknown.	Stationary.
43	20		1	1		Do. do.	Do.	Constitutional.	Died.
44	36		1	1		6 years.	Do.	Unknown.	Stationary.
45	44		1	1	1	23 "	Do.	Religion.	Do.
46	69		1	1		32 "	Partial Insanity.	Disappointed love.	Died.
47	58		1	1		41 "	Dementia.	Fright.	Stationary.
48	59		1	1		8 "	Partial Insanity.	Unknown.	Improved.
49	57		1	1		14 years.	Dementia.	Disappointed love.	Died.
50	40		1	1		12 "	Partial Insanity.	Constitutional.	Stationary.
51	67		1	1		22 "	Do. Do.	Unknown.	Do.
52	67	1	1	1		14 "	Do. Do.	Do.	Do.
53	25		1	1	1	6 "	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Restored.
54	30			1		1 "	Do. Do.	Disappointed love.	Do.
55	31		1	1		4 years.	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Improved.
56	56		1	1		10 "	Do. Do.	Unknown.	Much Im.



No.	Age.	Male.	Female.	Single.	Married	DURATION.	FORM.	CAUSE.	CONDITION OR EVENT.
57	46			1	1	2 years.	Partial Insanity.	Unknown.	Stationary.
58	46			1	1	4 "	Dementia.	Constitutional.	Died.
59	37			1	1	18 months.	Partial Insanity.	Lactation.	Restored.
60	38			1	1	13 years.	Do. Do.	"Amenorrhœa."	Improved.
61	21			1	1	5 "	Do. Do.	Unknown.	Stationary.
62	32			1	1	2 "	Do. Do.	Disappointed love.	Do.
63	33	1			1	10 "	Do. Do.	Disap'd ambition.	Died.
64	22		1		1	9 weeks.	Do. Do.	Loss of mother.	Restored.
65	32	1			1	2 years.	Do. Do.	Intemperance.	Do.
66	38	1			1	2 "	Dementia.	Pecuniary disapp.	Stationary.
67	38		1	1		7 "	Partial Insanity.	Constitutional.	Much Im.
68	33		1	1		10 "	Dementia.	Unknown.	Improved.
69	40	1			1	5 "	Moral Insanity.	Intemperance.	Restored.
70	27		1	1		5 "	Do. Do.	Central congestion.	Improved.
71	37		1	1		1 "	Partial Insanity.	Unknown.	Stationary
72	43	1		1		10 "	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Improved.
73	41	1		1		4 months.	Partial Insanity.	Masturbation.	Restored.
74	17	1		1		5 years.	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Stationary.
75	46	1			1	2 "	Do. Do.	Do.	Much Im.
76	46	1			1	5 months.	Do. Do.	Fever.	Restored.
77	29		1		1	7 weeks.	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Do.
78	41		1	1		4 "	Do. Do.	Domestic trouble.	Do.
79	59	1			1	5 "	Do. Do.	Intemperance.	Stationary.
80	27		1	1		3 "	Moral Insanity.	"Religion."	Restored.
81	26	1		1		10 "	Do. Do.	Defective educat'n.	Much Im.
82	68		1	1		4 "	Do. Do.	Domestic grief.	Restored.
83	22	1		1		3 months.	Do. Do.	"Religion."	Do.
84	40		1	1		3 days.	Partial Insanity.	Unknown.	Do.
85	32	1		1		2 years.	Do. Do.	Disappointed love.	Improved.
86	22	1		1		4 months.	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Stationary.
87	23		1		1	10 "	Do. Do.	Parturition.	Improved.
88	52	1			1	4 months.	Do. Do.	Unknown.	Died.
89	18		1	1		4 "	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Stationary
90	23		1		1	6 "	Dementia.	Unknown.	Do.
91	36	1		1		6 "	Partial Insanity.	Fever.	Much Im.
92	57		1		1	2 weeks.	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Restored.
93	45		1	1		6 "	Do. Do.	Dysmenorrhœa.	Do.
94	83	1		1		10 "	Partial Insanity.	Intemperance.	Do.
95	28	1		1		1 "	Mania.	Intense Study.	Do.
96	26		1		1	5 years.	Moral Insanity.	Constitutional.	Do.
97	65	1		1		3 "	Partial Insanity.	Unknown.	Restored.
98	33			1		1 day.	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Stationary.
99	28	1		1		5 years.	Do. Do.	Do.	Improved.
100	56	1			1	5 "	Moral Insanity.	Intemperance.	Restored.
101	17	1		1		Through life.	Dementia.	Constitutional.	Stationary.
102	33	1			1	4 months.	Partial Insanity.	Intemperance.	Restored.
103	71	1		1		10 years.	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Do.
104	44	1		1		6 months.	Do. Do.	Loss of property.	Do.
105	37	1			1	3 weeks.	Moral Insanity.	Intemperance.	Do.
106	19		1	1		2 months.	Partial Insanity.	"Religion."	Improved.
107	48		1	1		12 months.	Do. Do.	Intemperance.	Restored.
108	30			1		2 weeks.	Do. Do.	Domestic trouble.	Died.
109	42	1		1		6 years.	Do. Do.	Unknown.	Stationary.
110	27	1		1		2 weeks.	Do. Do.	"Religion."	Resteord.
111	33		1	1		1 year.	Do. Do.	Constitutional.	Do.
112	24	1		1		5 "	Do. Do.	Do.	Improved.
113	22		1	1		4 weeks.	Dementia.	"Religion."	Stationary.



The following classification agrees with that heretofore adopted.

#### FIRST CLASS.

Patients diseased less than three months, and the first	
attack,.....	14
Restored,.....	10
Improved,.....	2 *
Just received,.....	1
Died,.....	1--14

\* One of these was removed by her friends at the end of a month

#### SECOND CLASS.

Over three months and under twelve.....	12
Restored.....	5
Much improved.....	2
Improved.....	1
Stationary,.....	3
Died,.....	1—12

#### THIRD CLASS.

More than one and within two years.....	8
Restored,.....	6
Stationary,.....	2—8

#### FOURTH CLASS.

More than two years standing,.....	79
Restored,.....	17
Much improved,.....	4
Improved,.....	14
* Stationary,.....	35
† Died,.....	9—79

\* Most of these have been insane more than ten, and many more than twenty years.

† Mostly diseased many years.

#### RECAPITULATION.

Patients in the Asylum 3d mo. 1st, 1837,.....	62
Received since,.....	51-113
Discharged or died,.....	64
Remaining in the Asylum 3d mo. 1st, 1838,.....	49-113

Of the sixty-four patients discharged there were

Restored, . . . . .	29
Much improved, . . . . .	3
Improved, . . . . .	5
Stationary, . . . . .	16
Died, . . . . .	11—64

Of the forty-nine remaining in the house, there are

Restored, . . . . .	9
Much improved, . . . . .	4
Improved, . . . . .	10
Stationary, . . . . .	26—49

In the course of treatment which has been pursued toward the interesting objects of our care, endeavors have been used so to combine medical and moral agents, that each should render the other its most efficient aid, and jointly exert their remedial powers with the greatest certainty and effect. In every such institution, where the welfare and comfort of the Patients are studied above all other considerations, these two are inseparable parts of the one system; and while what are strictly termed medical means are indispensable to the removal of the diseased action of the brain, moral treatment will be found no less efficient in restoring and confirming the healthy functions of that organ. When we reflect on the enfeebled and tottering state, (if such an expression may be allowed) in which reason first essays to resume her seat, after an attack of acute disease; and the crowd of false and harassing impressions which urge themselves upon the attention, threatening to repel her advances and resist her control; we can readily conceive of how great consequence it is, that not only every thing which acts incidentally upon the mind, should be calculated to sooth and tranquilize the feelings; but, also, that such a course of moral regimen should be established, as is calculated to call off the mind from its wanderings, and to arouse its dormant faculties into healthy activity. Hence the sanative power of discriminating moral treatment, and the necessity that every institution for the reception and recovery of the insane, should be amply provided with the requisite means for interesting the feelings, and employing the faculties of its inmates. A consciousness of the powerful beneficial influence which moral treatment thus exerts on mental affections; together with an experimental knowledge of the difficulties which often embarrass its application; induced the attempt to establish



such a combination for employment and amusement, as would render available in all cases the advantages to be derived therefrom. For many months past, endeavours have been used to bring the patients under the influence of a system which is calculated not only to keep their minds pleasantly and usefully occupied, but which also tends to invigorate their physical health. In order to impart strength to the plan, and to insure its success, it was considered advisable to have the patients to form themselves into a Society, the government of which was chiefly to be exercised by them. The proposal met with their entire approbation. They at once perceived that it was a matter in which they were deeply interested, that it involved not only their present comfort and happiness, but on it might depend their restoration to health. With these feelings a number of them willingly organized themselves into "The Restorative Society" "for the purpose of diversifying and increasing their amusements, and employments." They elected their own officers, principally from among themselves. From the period of its organization up to the present time, the Society has continued in active operation, and has both augmented and varied the occupations of the members; as well as given to them habits of industry, which cannot fail to be followed by the most beneficial results. By associating the patients thus together, it was expected, (and we have not been disappointed) that they would act as a collective body in every employment or amusement set before them, rather than in their individual capacity as they had previously done; so that the industrious might stimulate the indolent, that the grave might check the boisterous, that the amiable might restrain the vindictive, and that the gay might cheer the sorrowful and divert their minds from any train of reflection likely to produce gloom and despondence. During the summer months, they generally spent from four to six hours, daily, at work in the garden, or on the farm; and instead of regarding it as a drudgery, they performed it willingly and cheerfully. Often from ten to fourteen members have been engaged during a great portion of the day, in the hay, wheat, and corn fields, and as exercise in the open air, not unfrequently, as is well known, promotes the speedy cure of the insane; we endeavour to extend to those under our care, all its advantages by setting apart those hours not devoted to manual labour, for fishing, promenading, throwing the quoits, playing ball, flying the kite, &c. Carriage riding, and riding upon the



circular railroad, continue to be, as they have always been, sources of recreation and healthful exercise to them.

On the fifth evening of every week they have either a lecture or debate; in both of which they manifest great interest. Experience has taught us that these moral means are well suited, not only to dispel the hallucinations of some; but that they also tend equally to arouse the slumbering energies of others, and awaken in them new hopes, desires and affections. Under their influence we have seen the most deeply distressed person, forget for an hour, his anguish and enter into debate with all the ardour of one upon whom sorrow never fell.

The comfort and happiness of the female patients have also been greatly augmented by changes made in their moral management. They have been more regularly engaged in sewing, knitting, quilting, embroidering, fancy work, and other domestic employments, while many additions have been likewise made to their amusements.—Although in a report such as we are called upon to present to the Managers of the Asylum, it may not be thought needful to say much upon the subject of Insanity abstractly, yet a few remarks cannot be deemed out of place; and the diffusion of correct views respecting its cause and character, is of so much importance, and so deeply involves the welfare of those who may suffer either directly or indirectly from its infliction; that we think we shall not have performed our present duty, without briefly expressing our views on one or two points connected with it.

In the first place, we would remark upon the false light in which Insanity in all its forms, has long been regarded; and the unjust and most injurious feelings entertained respecting it, by too many in the present day. That it is one of the gravest afflictions with which Providence has visited mankind; all those who have witnessed its appalling effects must be prepared to acknowledge: but that its intrinsic miseries are greatly aggravated by adventitious circumstances, growing out of the popular ignorance and superstition respecting it, is equally undeniable.

Instead of regarding it, as it really is, the result of physical disease; than which, none of equal complication and severity can be treated with greater proportional success, provided the proper course is pursued at its commencement; the unhappy sufferer from its inroads is too often looked upon, even by his friends, with evident suspicion and distrust, while his malady is



concealed, or spoken of as a vision calculated to inflict a stigma not only upon himself, but his family. From the prevalence of this latter idea, how many who under judicious care at the first dawn of the disease might have been rescued in a few days from its grasp; are secluded, and cut off from proper medical and moral treatment; while the disorder which is deranging the functions of the brain, goes on from stage to stage; until some irremedial change takes place in that organ itself, and the whole fabric of rational intelligence is overthrown, without one well directed effort being made to arrest the progress of the direful invader. We must expect to see these mournful results frequently realized, so long as the opinion is prevalent, that the imputation of insanity involves degradation and contempt; and justly subjects its unhappy victim, to the loss of the common sympathies and privileges of humanity.

Another circumstance which deepens the gloom, in which those diseases deranging the manifestations of mind, are necessarily shrouded; is the erroneous opinion which is still entertained, respecting the places provided for the reception of the insane; and the course of treatment therein pursued toward them. This is not to be so much wondered at, when we reflect that it is within comparatively but a few years, that any other object than security has been deemed of much importance in institutions of this kind; the comfort and restoration of their pitiable inmates, having for ages, been almost entirely overlooked or disregarded. While insanity was considered as a mysterious affection of the immortal mind itself, resulting from some undefinable or supernatural cause; and its unhappy subjects were remorselessly consigned, hopeless of cure, to chains and a loathsome cell: there, to exhaust their remaining energies in unheeded ravings; or, cut off from all the sympathies and kindness which render life desirable, to drag out a wretched existence sunk in deplorable idiocy; it is no wonder that with the thought of a mad-house were associated the feelings of horror and dismay. But now that the origin of mental derangement has been identified with disease, similar in character with the other morbid affections of the physical structure; governed by like laws, and subject to the same curative treatment; the Asylums for the insane, under the influence of an enlightened philanthropy, have been radically and totally changed; and within the walls of every such institution, if properly conducted, are congregated not only the vari-

ous resources of medical science and art, and every thing calculated to divert the mind from its erroneous associations, and give new vigor to its powers ; but also, all that needful care, decided control, and well directed kindness, which, owing to perverted feelings, the sufferer rejects or cannot appreciate while within the sphere of his own domestic circle ; but which are generally accepted with thankfulness from the hands of a stranger, and contribute powerfully to ameliorate his distress and restore his health.

With a belief of the correctness of these views, the duty becomes incumbent upon all, to endeavour whenever opportunity offers to change the tone of popular feeling respecting the insane, and the places provided for their relief, and thus subserve the cause of suffering humanity by removing a portion of the accumulated load of suffering which rests upon that afflicted portion of our fellow creatures.

CHARLES EVANS, *Visiting Physician.*

ROBERT R. PORTER, *Resident Physician.*

*Philadelphia, 3d mo. 1st, 1837.*

To the Managers.



## OFFICERS AND MANAGERS.

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*Clerk of the Contributors,*

Samuel Mason, Jr., No. 68 North Seventh street.

*Treasurer,*

Isaiah Hacker, No. 112 South Third street.

*Clerk of the Board of Managers,*

Edward Yarnall, No. 39 High street.

*Attending Physician,*

Dr. Charles Evans, No. 201 Arch Street.

*Resident Physician,*

Dr. Edward M. Moore.

*Superintendents,*

John C. and Laetitia Redmond.

*Managers,*

Jacob Justice.

Charles Allen,

Joel Woolman,

Joseph R. Jenks,

Timothy Paxson,

Isaiah Hacker,

John G. Hoskins,

Thomas Wood,

Lindzey Nicholson,

Edward B. Garrigues,

William Hillis,

Edward Yarnall,

Samuel B. Morris,

George R. Smith,

Isaac Collins,

John Richardson,

Richard Randolph,

Mordecai L. Dawson,

John Farnum,

George G. Williams,

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EDWARD B. GARRIGUS, No. 18 North 4th street, is authorized to receive the money for the board of patients, from those persons to whom it is inconvenient to call on the Superintendent.

*The Account of the Contributors to the Asylum, &c.*

## EXPENDITURES.

<i>Asylum Building and Yards—</i>		
For Lumber, Carpenter's work, Paint, Painting, &c.		\$1504 02
<i>Salaries and Wages—</i>		
Paid on this account, this year,		3321 31
<i>Farm and Family Expenses—</i>		
For Supplies, &c. - - - - -		7451 65
<i>Furniture—</i>		
Belts, Wristbands, Carpeting, Lamps, &c. - - -		253 66
<i>Medical Department—</i>		
Physicians' Salaries and Supplies, - - - -		1209 05
<i>Incidental Expenses—</i>		
For additional Insurance, Stationary, &c. - - -		199 08
<i>Anna Guest's Legacy—</i>		
Amount appropriated to sundry Patients, - - -		757 00
<i>Loan—</i>		
Amount paid off this year, - - - - -		540 00
<i>Interest—</i>		
Paid to sundry persons this year, - - - -		502 18
<i>Balance, viz:—</i>		
Due from sureties of patients, - - - -	\$3443 92	
In the hands of the Superintendent, - - - -	500 00	
Do. do. Treasurer for general purposes, -	905 67	
Do. do. do. on account of Anna Guest's Legacy, - - - - -	340 75	
Do. do. do. do. B. Sansom's Legacy,	200 00	
		5390 34
		<u>\$21,128 29</u>

Average number of Patients in the Asylum, since last report, 57 7-12, as per monthly enumeration.



*from 3d mo. 1st 1837, to 3d mo. 1st. 1838, inclusive.*

## RECEIPTS.

<i>Balance last year, viz :—</i>						
Due from sureties of patients,	-	.	.	-	\$3553 81	
In the hands of the Superintendent,	-	.	.	-	500 00	
Do. do. Treasurer for general purposes,	-			-	27 83	
Do. do. do. on account of A. Guest's Legacy,					172 75	\$4254 39
<i>Board of Patients—</i>						
Amount charged this year,	-	.	.	-		13780 07
<i>Damages done by patients—</i>						
Chargeable to Sureties,	-	.	.	-		80 16
<i>Ground Rent—</i>						
Received 6 months arrearages,	-	.	.	-		22 20
<i>Anna Guest's Legacy—</i>						
Received since last report,	-	.	.	-		925 00
<i>Beulah Sansom's Legacy—</i>						
Received since last report,	-	.	.	-		200 00
<i>Received on account of Est. conveyed by V. Ehrmann,</i>						1107 47
<i>Contributions received since last report, viz :</i>						
From Members of Philadelphia Monthly Meeting,					\$175 00	
Do. Northern District	do	.	.	-	100 00	
Do. Southern	do	do	.	-	50 00	
Do. Western	do	do	.	-	225 00	
Do. Radnor	do	.	.	-	25 00	
Do. Wilmington	do	.	.	-	25 00	
Do. Upper Evesham	do	.	.	-	25 00	
Do. Birmingham	do	.	.	-	25 00	
<i>Donations—</i> From sundry Friends and others,	-	.	.	-	109 00	759 00
						<u>\$2112829</u>

Amount of debt on which Interest is payable is 9,560 dollars.

*Extract from the "Rules of the Management of the Asylum."*

OF THE ADMISSION OF PATIENTS.

When application for the admission of a patient is made, a certificate, obtained, when practicable, from a physician in the neighbourhood, ought to be submitted to the visiting managers, giving a statement of the cause according to the form, and in reply to the queries subjoined.

I do hereby certify, from my own knowledge that  
of aged years, is in a  
state of insanity, and proper to be received into a house provided  
for the relief of persons of that description.

I further certify, that the answers annexed to the following queries are correct, as far as I can judge.

1. How long has the patient been inflicted with insanity?

Answer.

2. What medical, or other means have been used ?

Answer.

3. Has the patient shown any disposition to injure him or herself or any other person?

Answer.

4. Does any other complaint exist?

Answer.

6. What other circumstances have occurred tending to throw light in the case?

**Answer.**

Previous to the admission of such patient, an examination shall be made of the case, by the attending or one of the consulting physicians, and his certificate obtained that such person 'has been examined by him, is found to be deprived of the use of his or her reason, and may with propriety be admitted as a patient into the Asylum : ' and the following bond shall be signed by two persons, as sureties, (one of whom must reside in or near Philadelphia,) for the regular payment of such board as may be agreed upon by the visiting managers.



Application is hereby made for the admission of  
 as a patient into the Asylum for the relief of persons deprived of the use of their reason ; upon whose admission we severally engage to provide a sufficiency of suitable clothing for use whilst there ; to pay to Superintendent of said Institution, or to his assigns or successor in office dollars cents, per week, for board ; and not less than four weeks' board to be paid under any circumstances, the said charge for board to be continued until shall be regularly discharged, to make compensation for all damages done by to the glass, bedding, or furniture, and to cause to be removed when discharged ; and in the event of death whilst there, to pay the expenses of burial.

*Witness our hands and seals, this day of A. D. 18*

WITNESS;

(L. S.)

(L. S.)

If persons becoming sureties shall so prefer, the visiting managers may accept, in lieu of compensation for damages done by patients to the glass, bedding, or furniture, a small additional charge to the board agreed upon.

In case persons at a distance are desirous of having any information respecting the admission of a patient, their letters may be addressed to any of the managers, or to the Superintendent.

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#### OF VISITERS TO THE ASYLUM.

When near relations or particular friends of patients desire to be admitted to see their connexions, application must be made to the superintendent ; or in his absence, to the attending physician, who may allow such visits when circumstances will admit.

As the general admission of visiters would be improper and injurious to the patients, no persons, except as above, shall be admitted to the apartments occupied by patients, unless introduced by a manager ; but, on application to the Superintendent, they may be shown such parts of the building and appendages as are not so occupied.

## ANNUITIES.

A mode of obtaining contributions by annuities, not much known amongst us, but familiar to Friends in England, has been agreed on by the Contributors. On paying any sum of money to the Treasurer, for the use of the Institution, interest of six per cent. thereon, is annually to be paid to the annuitant; at whose decease, the interest money ceases, and the principal remains the property of the Asylum. This mode will probably be convenient to many who are desirous of promoting the designs of the Institution, and yet do not prefer making any considerable donation during their life time.

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 FORMS OF LEGACY.
*I. Form of a Bequest of Personal Estate.*

“I give and bequeath to A. B. and C. D. and the survivor of them, and the executors and administrators of such survivor, the sum of \_\_\_\_\_ in trust for the use of an Institution near Philadelphia, known by the name of “The Contributors to the Asylum for the relief of persons deprived of the use of their reason,” and to be paid by the said trustees to the treasurer for the time being of the said Institution.

*II. Form of a Devise of Real Estate.*

“I give and devise to A. B., and C. D. and their heirs, all that \_\_\_\_\_ (here describe the property) \_\_\_\_\_ together with the appurtenances, to hold to them, the said A. B. and C. D. and the survivor of them, and the heirs of such survivor for ever; in trust nevertheless, for the sole use and benefit of an Institution near Philadelphia, known by the name of “The Contributors to the Asylum for the relief of persons deprived of the use of their reason,” and upon this further trust, absolutely to dispose of, and convey the same, either in fee, or for such other estate, and in such way and manner, as the Contributors to the said Asylum shall, at any meeting or meetings, order, direct and appoint.



## MANAGERS OF THE ASYLUM FOR 1838.

Classed to visit the Asylum weekly on Seventh day.

FROM	{	Lindzey Nicholson, No. 24 South Twelfth street.
3d mo. 14th to	{	George R. Smith, No. 487 Arch street.
4th mo. 9th.	{	John G. Hoskins, No. 60 Lawrence street.
4th mo. 9th to	{	John G. Hoskins.
5th mo. 14th.	{	John Richardson, No. 76 North Tenth street.
	{	Mordecai L. Dawson No. 332 Arch Street.
5th mo. 14th to	{	John Richardson.
6th mo. 11th.	{	Mordecai L. Dawson.
	{	Timothy Paxson, No. 158 North Front street.
6th mo. 11th to	{	Timothy Paxson.
7th mo. 9th.	{	Joseph R. Jenks, No. 5 Vine street.
	{	George G. Williams, 61 Marshall street.
7th mo. 9th to	{	Joseph R. Jenks.
8th mo. 13th.	{	George G. Williams.
	{	Charles Allen, 146 Pine street.
8th mo. 13th to	{	Charles Allen,
9th mo. 10th.	{	Jacob Justice, 117 Vine street.
	{	John Farnum, 116 Arch street.
9th mo. 10th to	{	Jacob Justice.
10th mo. 8th.	{	John Farnum.
	{	Isaac Collins, No. 129 Filbert street.
10th mo. 8th to	{	Isaac Collins.
11th mo. 12th.	{	Samuel B. Morris, Germantown.
	{	Edward B. Garrigues, No. 18 North Fourth street.
11th mo. 12th to	{	Samuel B. Morris.
12th mo. 10th.	{	Edward B. Garrigues.
	{	Richard Randolph, No. 122½ South Third street.
12th mo. 10th to	{	Richard Randolph.
1st mo. 14th.	{	Thomas Wood, No. 27 Pine street.
	{	William Hillis, Frankford.
1st mo. 14th to	{	Thomas Wood.
2d mo. 11th.	{	William Hillis.
	{	Joel Woolman, near Frankford.
2d mo. 11th to	{	Joel Woolman.
3d mo. 14th.	{	Lindzey Nicholson.
	{	George R. Smith.

